

Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research on Innovative Areas (research in a proposed research area) :
RELATIONAL STUDIES ON GLOBAL CRISES

新学術領域「グローバル関係学」オンライン・ペーパー・シリーズ:調査レポート

Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research on Innovative Areas
“Relational Studies on Global Crises” Online Paper Series: Research Report



2017 Opinion Poll in Bosnia and Herzegovina: Sampling Method and Descriptive Statistics

Keiichi Kubo
(Waseda University)

Amer Osmić
(University of Sarajevo)



Online Paper Series No. 3 : Research Report No. 1

Dec.30 2018

©Keiichi Kubo

科研費
KAKENHI

2017 Opinion Poll in Bosnia and Herzegovina: Sampling Method and Descriptive Statistics

Keiichi Kubo (Waseda University) and
Amer Osmić (University of Sarajevo)

1. Introduction

As a part of the research project "Relational Studies on Global Crises", we have conducted an opinion poll in Bosnia and Herzegovina in 2017 in order to grasp how Bosnian people perceive statehood, socio political, and economic situation in the post-conflict society, using a common survey questionnaire developed by the researchers of Group B02 "Cross-border Non-State Networks."

Objectives of our research project can be summarized by the following two points: First, it attempts to grasp how conflict is related to people's perception of statehood for cases under or after conflict, such as Syria, Iraq and Bosnia and Herzegovina, which is expected to give us a comparative perspective on reconsidering resilience and framework of the existing nation states; Second, by exploring the dynamics of communities and networks that are inter-related and structured beyond the present boundary of the nation states, it aims to reveal people's diverse images and notions of state that is different from nation state.

We have conducted an original and innovative opinion poll to achieve these objectives. The primary purpose of our survey is to grasp how Bosnian people perceive the recent conflict, statehood and various external actors. While most surveys typically assume that people accept the legitimacy of the state, we ask various questions to analyze to what extent people support or do not support the current setup of the state, and why. We also ask questions about people's cross-border networks of family and relatives. These questions, rarely asked in the typical opinion poll, enable us to explore the effect of people's cross-border relations and networks. As for the state institutions, we ask not only about people's trust on each institution, but also about how people actually use institutions in different situations, in order to analyze to what extent the state institutions are actually functioning in the society. Overall, by asking a set of questions that are rarely asked in a typical opinion poll, we attempt to explore the relations between the people, the state and various communities and networks within and beyond the present boundary of the state.

In this research report, we present the details of the sampling method as well as the descriptive statistics of the survey results. The section 2 presents the sampling method. The section 3 then presents the descriptive statistics of the survey results.

2. Sampling Method

The data collection on the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina was done by face-to face interviews conducted by the Institute of Social Research of the Faculty of Political Science, University of Sarajevo (IDIFPN) in September and October 2017. The total sample size of **1216 respondents** was defined by IDIFPN referring to the census of 2013. The target population was defined as **all adult citizens of Bosnia and Herzegovina**. Per census from 2013 in Bosnia and Herzegovina lives 2.838.458 citizens who have 18 and more years. *Table 1* shows the demographic structure of Bosnian citizens according to the 2013 census.

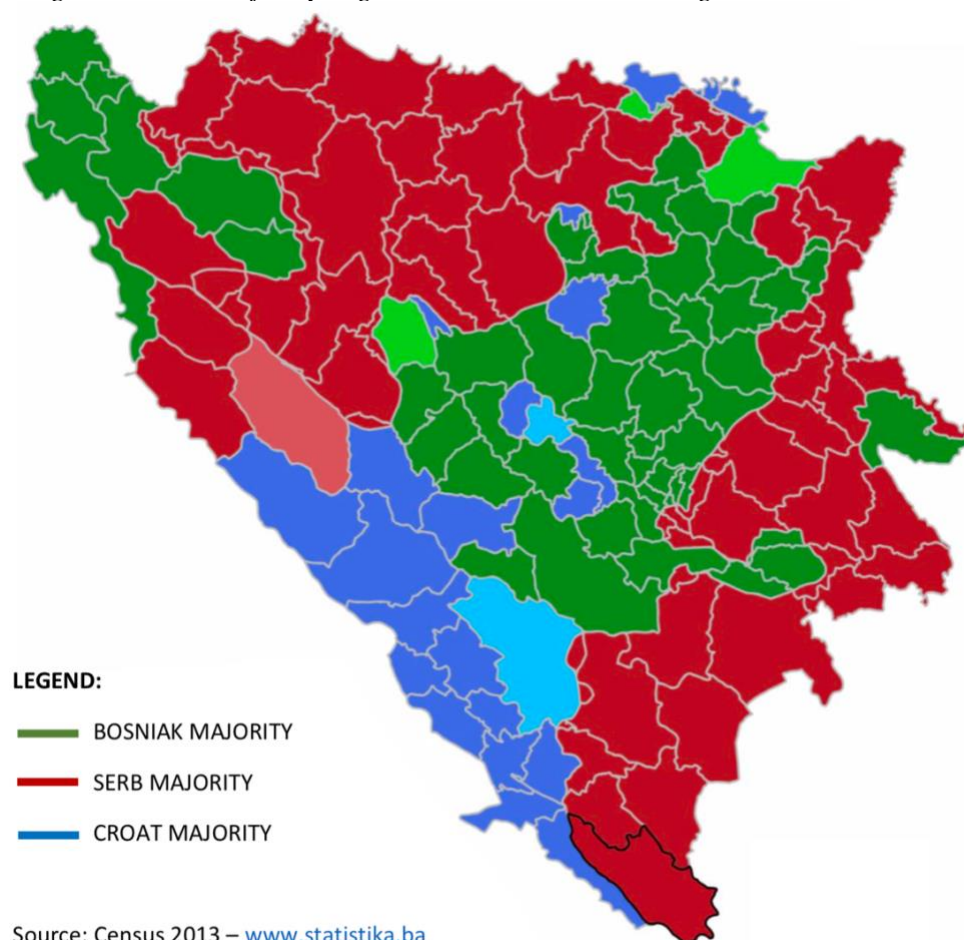
Table 1: Socio-demographic structure of Bosnian citizens

	Target population (18+)	Male (18+)	Female (18+)
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2,838,458	1,376,597	1,461,861
Federation of Bosnia and Hercegovina	1,761,431	852,888	908,543
Republika Srpska	1,009,946	490,992	518,954
District Brčko	67,081	32,717	34,364

Source: <http://www.statistika.ba/?show=7#tab1>

The sampling method chosen for data collection in Bosnia and Herzegovina was a **multistage random sampling** with a confidence level of 95% and a confidence interval (margin of error) of 2.81. The reason for choosing this type of sampling method is the fact that Bosnia and Herzegovina has two entities (Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina and the *Repubilka Srpska*) and three constituent ethnic groups (Bosniaks, Croats and Serbs) and other citizens. Sample was stratified by entities, after that by ethnic majority areas and by geographic regions. The first stage was to determine two groups, namely Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina (FBiH hereafter) and Republika Srpska. Per census in the FBiH lives 1,761,431 adult citizens (62.05%) and in the Republika Srpska lives including District Brčko¹ 1,077,027 adult citizens (37.95%).

¹ The Brcko District was involved in the sampling process in Republika Srpska for purely technical reasons of calculating the route of travel and planning the survey.

Image 1: Ethnic majority regions in Bosnia and Herzegovina*Table 2: Sample size Bosnia and Herzegovina*

	Target population	Sample size	Confidence level
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2,838,458	1216	95%
Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina	1,761,431	867	95%
Republika Srpska and District Brčko	1,077,027	346	95%

The second stage was to divide the two groups into subgroups where the data collection will be realized. For sample stratification, IDIFPN (Institute for Social Research, Faculty of Political Sciences, University of Sarajevo) used eight geographic regions (subgroups) in the FBiH and two geographic regions (subgroups) in the Republika Srpska. Among eight subgroups in FBiH, three are Croat majority regions and municipalities (Posavina Canton, Neretva-Herzegovina Canton and Central Bosnia Canton – municipalities with Croats majority) and five are Bosniak majority regions and municipalities (Una-Sana Canton, Tuzla Canton, Zenica-

Doboj Canton – municipalities with Bosniak majority, Gorazde Canton, Central Bosnia Canton, Sarajevo Canton). The sample size of the eight subgroups in FBiH are shown in *Table 3*.

Table 3: Sample size Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina (%)

	Target population in % FBiH	Sample size in % FBiH
Una Sana Canton²	11.98	11.18
Tuzla Canton	20.16	18.22
Zenica Doboj Canton³	16.26	19.72
Herzegovina Neretva Canton⁴	11.25	10.72
Sarajevo Canton	18.98	18.22
Central Bosnia Canton⁵	12.73	15.45
Posavina Canton	2.01	3.46
Bosnia Podrinje Canton	1.1	2.88

The entity of Republika Srpska was divided into two geographical areas RS North with District Brčko and RS East. In the **RS North** are the cities or municipalities *Kostajnica, Kozarska Dubica, Novi Grad, Krupa na Uni, Prijedor, Oštra Luka, Gradiška, Banja Luka, Laktaši, Derventa, Čelinac, Kotor Varoš, Kneževo, Mrkonjić Grad, Ribnik, Istočni Drvar, Petrovac, Teslić, Doboj, Modriča Brod, Šamac and Pelagićevo*. Also, because of the proximity, District Brčko was included into this area. **RS East** include the municipalities and cities of *Bijeljina, Ugljevik, Lopare, Zvornik, Osmaci, Šekovići, Bratunac, Vlasenica, Milići, Srebrenica, Han Pijesak, Sokolac, Pale, Istočno Sarajevo, Višegrad, Rogatica, Čajniče, Foča, Nevesinje, Gacko, Bileća, Ljubinje, Trebinje and Berkovići*.

Table 4: Sample size Republika Srpska

	Target population in % RS	Sample size in % RS
RS North + District Brčko	58.42	55.49
RS East	41.58	44.50

In the third stage, we have chosen cities depending on the previous two stages, in the FBiH the data was collected in Una Sana Canton (*Bihać, Cazin and Velika Kladuša*), Posavna Canton (*Odžak and Orašje*), Tuzla Canton (*Tuzla, Kalesija, Gračanica, Živinice, Srebrenik, Banovići, Kladanj and Olovo*), Zenica Doboj Canton (*Zenica, Maglaj, Breza, Visoko, Vareš,*

² In the Una Sana Canton was also included some respondents from Canton 10.

³ In the Zenica Doboj Canton was also included some respondents from Canton 10.

⁴ In the Herzegovina Neretva Canton was also included respondents from West Herzegovina Canton.

⁵ In the Central Bosnia Canton was also included some respondents from Canton 10.

Zepče and Zavidovići), Bosnian Podrinje Canton (*Goražde*), Central Bosnia Canton (*Travnik, Bugojno, Gornji Vakuf, Donji Vakuf, Novi Travnik, Vitez and Jajce*), Herzegovina Neretva Canton (*Mostar, Konjic, Jablanica and Stolac*), Sarajevo Canton (*Sarajevo and Vogošća*). In the entity of Republika Srpska the data was collected in following cities *Trebinje, Istočno Sarajevo, Pale, Sokolac, Bijeljina, Foča, Višegrad, Srebrenica, Vlasenica, Zvornik, Mrkonjić Grad, Banja Luka, Doboj and Brčko*.

Within each geographic region, the sample was further stratified by the size of the municipalities. In that regard, three categories of municipalities' sizes were defined based on the total number of inhabitants: small – up to 25000 inhabitants, medium size – from 25000 to 45000 inhabitants, and big cities/municipalities over 45000 inhabitants. Selection of the Primary Sampling Units (PSUs) was done in the first stage of the survey sampling. In this stage, within each of ten geographical regions, minimum one municipality of each category was randomly selected using simple random sampling procedure. In addition to this, regional centers (in total, ten regional centers) were selected by default for each geographic region. Out of 142 municipalities, we have selected 48 municipalities for the sample using this method. In the second stage of stratification, in order to select the Secondary Sampling Units (SSUs), IDIFPN has used the following sample frame: in urban areas we used streets and in rural areas we used villages/rural settlements.

The process of selection of households was based on multistage random sampling, using random route sampling technique, and starting off from previously selected initial sampling point. For random sampling of respondents within a household, interviewer used last-birthday method for the household members over 18 years.

3. Descriptive Statistics

This section reports the basic results of the opinion poll – frequencies of responses for each survey question. For all questions, if the total does not equal 1216, the difference is the number of respondents who did not answer this question, i.e. the number of missing values. The figure for the column or row “%” always shows the share in the overall sample (1216).

The survey is divided into 13 sections. The sections from 1 to 10 are based on the common survey questionnaire for the B02 project, although there are some minor modifications in order to make it comprehensible for the respondents in Bosnia and Herzegovina. The sections

11 and 12 are added only for the case of Bosnia and Herzegovina to analyze some other dimensions⁶. The section 13 is on the demographic variables. The topics addressed by these sections are as follows.

Table 5: Sections and topics of the survey questionnaire

Section Number	Topics
1	Attitudes towards the external actors (countries and international organizations)
2	Cross-border networks of family and relatives
3	Evaluation of policy / task for the country
4	Evaluation of the pre-war past and expectation of the future
5	Exposure to the media
6	Attitudes towards the ideologies
7	Attitudes towards the political parties
8	Transnational, national, sub-national and local identities
9	Attitudes towards the statehood and border change
10	Trust in institutions
11	Attitudes towards the war crimes, transitional justice and public apologies
12	Happiness, optimism, and satisfaction with life
13	Demographic variables

Let us now examine the results of the survey for all survey questions, according to the order of the questions presented to the respondents.

1-1. To what extent do you like or dislike the following countries and organizations? Place your view on this scale from 1 to 5, where 5 means “I like very much” and 1 means “I do not like very much”. If you do not have a particular opinion, choose 3, which means “neither like nor dislike.” If you do not know, please choose 0.

	5: I like very much	4: I like	3: Neutral	2: I do not like	1: I do not like very much	0: I do not know	Total
(1) Croatia							
Number	163	360	404	211	63	15	1216
%	13.4	29.6	33.2	17.4	5.2	1.2	100
(2) France							
Number	173	420	428	125	29	41	1216
%	14.2	34.5	35.2	10.3	2.4	3.4	100
(3) Iran							
Number	54	126	413	365	174	83	1215
%	4.4	10.4	34.0	30.0	14.3	6.8	99.9
(4) Japan							
Number	295	413	307	112	38	50	1215
%	24.3	34.0	25.2	9.2	3.1	4.1	99.9
(5) China							
Number	175	315	414	193	65	53	1215
%	14.4	25.9	34.0	15.9	5.3	4.4	99.9

⁶ For the section 12, we adopted survey questions developed by Fordyce (1988) to measure the degree of subjective happiness (question 12-1), Scheier et al. (1994) to measure the degree of optimism or pessimism, i.e. life orientations (question 12-2), and Diener et al. (1985) to measure the degree of satisfaction with life (question 12-3).

	5: I like very much	4: I like	3: Neutral	2: I do not like	1: I do not like very much	0: I do not know	Total
(6) Germany							
Number	606	438	121	35	12	4	1216
%	49.8	36.0	10.0	2.9	1.0	0.3	100
(7) Russia							
Number	210	275	407	222	79	22	1215
%	17.3	22.6	33.5	18.3	6.5	1.8	99.9
(8) The U.S.							
Number	188	355	347	202	103	20	1215
%	15.5	29.2	28.5	16.6	8.5	1.6	99.9
(9) Saudi Arabia							
Number	102	202	332	324	191	61	1212
%	8.4	16.6	27.3	26.6	15.7	5.0	99.7
(10) Serbia							
Number	113	257	417	267	140	21	1215
%	9.3	21.1	34.3	22.0	11.5	1.7	99.9
(11) Turkey							
Number	233	333	329	224	86	10	1215
%	19.2	27.4	27.1	18.4	7.1	0.8	99.9
(12) The U.K.							
Number	166	403	417	140	52	37	1215
%	13.7	33.1	34.3	11.5	4.3	3.0	99.9
(13) EU							
Number	225	382	352	129	92	35	1215
%	18.5	31.4	28.9	10.6	7.6	2.9	99.9
(14) UN							
Number	132	291	422	201	106	60	1212
%	10.9	23.9	34.7	16.5	8.7	4.9	99.7
(15) NATO							
Number	167	291	302	214	198	44	1216
%	13.7	23.9	24.8	17.6	16.3	3.6	100
(16) ICTY							
Number	74	180	338	246	314	62	1214
%	6.1	14.8	27.8	20.2	25.8	5.1	99.8

1-2. Which country or organization do you think has best contributed to your living condition?

	Number	%
(1) Croatia	130	10.7
(2) France	11	0.9
(3) Iran	4	0.3
(4) Japan	14	1.2
(5) China	17	1.4
(6) Germany	318	26.2
(7) Russia	25	2.1
(8) The U.S.	89	7.3
(9) Saudi Arabia	25	2.1
(10) Serbia	124	10.2
(11) Turkey	140	11.5
(12) The U.K.	6	0.5
(13) EU	81	6.7

2017 Opinion Poll in Bosnia and Herzegovina

(14) UN	39	3.2
(15) NATO	7	0.6
(16) ICTY	2	0.2
(17) Other (open)		
Austria	9	0.7
Bosnia and Herzegovina	11	0.9
Canada	1	0.1
Cyprus	1	0.1
Egypt	1	0.1
Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina	1	0.1
Hungary	1	0.1
Israel	1	0.1
Italy	4	0.3
Malaysia	1	0.1
Morocco	1	0.1
Norway	1	0.1
Red Cross	1	0.1
Slovenia	7	0.6
Sweden	6	0.5
Switzerland	8	0.7
Yugoslavia	2	0.2
Total	1089	89.6

1-3. Which country or organization do you think is the greatest external threat for you?

	Number	%
(1) Croatia	64	5.3
(2) France	4	0.3
(3) Iran	43	3.5
(4) Japan	3	0.2
(5) China	21	1.7
(6) Germany	5	0.4
(7) Russia	125	10.3
(8) The U.S.	194	16.0
(9) Saudi Arabia	90	7.4
(10) Serbia	271	22.3
(11) Turkey	54	4.4
(12) The U.K.	8	0.7
(13) EU	31	2.5
(14) UN	9	0.7
(15) NATO	105	8.6
(16) ICTY	43	3.5
(17) Other (open)		
Albania	1	0.1
Belgium	1	0.1
India	1	0.1
ISIL	3	0.2
Israel	1	0.1
None	2	0.2
North Korea	10	0.8
Republika Srpska	1	0.1
Syria	1	0.1

Total	1091	89.7
-------	------	------

2-1. Do you have any family members or relatives outside your country?

	Number	%
Yes	831	68.3
No	384	31.6
Total	1215	99.9

2-2. Please list up to 10 countries in which your family or relatives live, and for each country, please choose the reason(s) why your family or relatives moved to that country. If you have more than two family or relatives in one country, you may choose more than two reasons for such country.

	Marriage	Work	Study	To seek a refuge	Was born in that country	I do not know	Other	Total
Germany	41	255	10	115	24	5	6	456
Austria	14	123	33	58	4	3	1	236
The U.S.	18	60	6	109	2	3	2	200
Croatia	41	58	11	31	44	4	5	194
Serbia	52	28	3	26	38	5	2	154
Sweden	14	39		83	8	2	2	148
Switzerland	31	60	3	41	4	3	4	146
Slovenia	12	63	8	19	9	2		113
Australia	14	34	6	43	3	6	3	109
Norway	6	26	4	28	2			66
France	9	16	2	17	6	2	1	53
Russia	4	12	3	3	5			27
Japan	1	1	4	1				7
Other countries	24	40	8	31	9	4	2	118
Total	281	815	101	605	158	39	28	2027

3-1. In your opinion, how important is it for the state to deal with the following tasks? Place your view on this scale from 1 to 5, where 5 means “very important” and 1 means “not important at all.” If you do not have a particular opinion, choose 3, which means “neither important nor unimportant.” If you do not know, please choose 0.

	5: Very important	4: Important	3: Neutral	2: Not important	1: Not at all important	0: I do not know	Total
(1) To protect the freedom of speech and media							
Number	549	468	123	36	16	10	1202
%	45.1	38.5	10.1	3.0	1.3	0.8	98.8
(2) To fight against corruption							
Number	865	279	38	9	9	1	1201
%	71.1	22.9	3.1	0.7	0.7	0.1	98.8
(3) To provide welfare and social security							
Number	776	365	45	7	4	2	1199
%	63.8	30.0	3.7	0.6	0.3	0.2	98.6
(4) To develop the economy							
Number	913	258	24	3	3	1	1202
%	75.1	21.2	2.0	0.2	0.2	0.1	98.8
(5) To establish a functioning central government							

Number	748	365	60	12	9	8	1202
%	61.5	30.0	4.9	1.0	0.7	0.7	98.8
(6) To maintain the public security							
Number	907	245	40	5	4	0	1201
%	74.6	20.1	3.3	0.4	0.3	0	98.8
(7) To foster the process to enter the EU							
Number	390	319	273	93	97	20	1192
%	32.1	26.2	22.5	7.6	8.0	1.6	98.0
(8) To amend the constitution according to the ruling in the Sejdic-Finci case							
Number	279	305	363	107	72	75	1201
%	22.9	25.1	29.9	8.8	5.9	6.2	98.8
(9) To decrease the inequality between rich and poor							
Number	589	423	134	27	18	9	1200
%	48.4	34.8	11.0	2.2	1.5	0.7	98.7
(10) To foster privatization							
Number	229	311	306	138	156	56	1196
%	18.8	25.6	25.2	11.3	12.8	4.6	98.4

3-2. Among the tasks 1-10 listed in the previous question, which do you think is the most important?

	Number	%
(1) To protect the freedom of speech and media	28	2.3
(2) To fight against corruption	216	17.8
(3) To provide welfare and social security	165	13.6
(4) To develop the economy	296	24.3
(5) To establish a functioning central government	142	11.7
(6) To maintain the public security	121	10.0
(7) To foster the process to enter the EU	74	6.1
(8) To amend the constitution according to the ruling in the Sejdic-Finci case	6	0.5
(9) To decrease the inequality between rich and poor	78	6.4
(10) To foster privatization	10	0.8
I do not know	3	0.2
Total	1139	93.7

4-1. To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements? Place your view on this scale from 1 to 5, where 5 means “strongly agree” and 1 means “strongly disagree.” If you do not have a particular opinion, choose 3, which means “neither agree nor disagree.” If you do not know, please choose 0.

	5: Strongly agree	4: Agree	3: Neutral	2: Disagree	1: Strongly disagree	0: I do not know	Total
(1) Political and social conditions in Bosnia and Herzegovina after the Dayton agreement are better than those before the start of war							
Number	30	126	281	350	294	127	1208
%	2.5	10.4	23.1	28.8	24.2	10.4	99.3
(2) Three years later, political and social conditions in Bosnia and Herzegovina will be better than now							
Number	34	108	277	335	310	122	1186
%	2.8	8.9	22.8	27.5	25.5	10.0	97.5

5-1. Which media do you use the most to obtain daily news? Please choose one.

	Number	%
(1) Newspaper	121	10.0
(2) Radio	46	3.8
(3) TV	353	29.0
(4) Internet	261	21.5
(5) Social Networking Service	351	28.9
(6) Conversations with other people	75	6.2
(7) Other media	0	0
Total	1207	99.3

5-1. Which media do you use the most to obtain daily news? Please specify (for options (1) – (5) above)

	Number	%
(1) Newspaper		
Blic	8	0.7
Dnevni Avaz	68	5.6
Glas Srpske	5	0.4
Jutarnji List	5	0.4
Kurir	2	0.2
Nezavisne Novine	3	0.2
Oslobođenje	14	1.2
Preporod	1	0.1
Press	1	0.1
Večernje novosti	1	0.1
Večernji list	3	0.2
(2) Radio		
Big 2	1	0.1
Džungla	1	0.1
Drukčiji Radio	1	0.1
HRT2	1	0.1
Kalman	2	0.2
Otvorena mreža	3	0.2
Radio Federation of B&H	1	0.1
Radio Jajce	1	0.1
Radio Konjic	1	0.1
Radio Olovo	3	0.2
Radio Sarajevo	1	0.1
Radio Velika Kladuša	2	0.2
Radio Zavidovići	2	0.2
Ritam1	1	0.1
RSG	12	1.0
RTRS	3	0.2
TNT RADIO	1	0.1
Velkaton	2	0.2
Vesta	1	0.1
Zenit radio	1	0.1
(3) TV		
Al Jazeera Balkans	19	1.6
Arenasport	2	0.2
ATV	9	0.7
B1	1	0.1

2017 Opinion Poll in Bosnia and Herzegovina

B92	1	0.1
BHRT	48	3.9
BNTV	25	2.1
CNN	2	0.2
Discovery	1	0.1
FaceTV	4	0.3
FTV	76	6.3
Happy TV	1	0.1
HRT	27	2.2
N1	37	3.0
Nova TV	6	0.5
OBN	11	0.9
OSM	1	0.1
PINK BH	1	0.1
Prva TV	1	0.1
RTL	9	0.7
RTRS	24	2.0
RTS	4	0.3
Russia today	1	0.1
TV1	2	0.2
TVTK	3	0.2
ZDF	1	0.1
(4) Internet		
Biscani.net	1	0.1
Blic.rs	1	0.1
Bljesak.info	2	0.2
Bn.portal	1	0.1
Dnevniavaz.ba	3	0.2
Dnevnik.hr	2	0.2
Dobojski.info	1	0.1
Doznajemo.com	1	0.1
E-novine	1	0.1
Ekskluziva	1	0.1
Facebook	1	0.1
Google	48	3.9
Hayat.ba	1	0.1
Indix.hr	1	0.1
Klix.ba	66	5.4
N1	1	0.1
Radiosarajevo.ba	2	0.2
Reddit	1	0.1
Rezultati.com	1	0.1
Tuzlarije	2	0.2
Večernje novosti	1	0.1
Vijesti.ba	1	0.1
Web portals	74	6.1
Youtube	2	0.2
(5) Social Networking Service		
Facebook	315	25.9
Instagram	16	1.3
Reddit	1	0.1

Twitter	7	0.6
Viber	3	0.2
Total	1027	84.5

5-2. Do you use internet services, such as SNS or Blog, to send out information?

	Number	%
Yes (go to 5-2-1)	814	66.9
No (go to 5-2-3)	401	33.0
Total	1215	99.9

5-2-1. How often do you use the internet services to spread information?

	Number	%
Several times per day	599	49.3
Once per day	120	9.9
Several times per week	61	5.0
Once per week	7	0.6
Several times per month	19	1.6
Once per month	4	0.3
Less often than once per month	4	0.3
Total	814	66.9

5-2-2. What is the most important purpose of using internet services to send out information?

	Number	%
To express my opinions on politics and society	55	4.5
To enjoy communication with family and friends	536	44.1
For my own business activities	98	8.1
Other reason	124	10.2
Total	813	66.9

5-2-3. What is the reason for not using the internet services to send out information?

	Number	%
Because I am too busy	46	3.8
Because I do not have an internet connection	17	1.4
Because I do not know how to use them	78	6.4
Because I want to avoid unnecessary troubles	41	3.4
Because I am not interested in it	175	14.4
Other reason	42	3.5
Total	399	32.8

6. To what extent do you support or do not support the ideologies listed below? Place your view on this scale from 1 to 5, where 5 means “Strongly support” and 1 means “Do not support at all.” If you do not have a particular opinion, choose 3, which means “neither support nor unsupport.” If you do not know, please choose 0.

	5: Strongly support	4: Support	3: Neutral	2: Do not support much	1: Do not support at all	0: I do not know	Total
(1) Bošnjak nationalism							
Number	53	72	210	367	480	33	1215
%	4.4	5.9	17.3	30.2	39.5	2.7	99.9
(2) Croat nationalism							
Number	17	32	214	408	519	24	1214
%	1.4	2.6	17.6	33.6	42.7	2.0	99.8

(3) Serb nationalism							
Number	23	69	226	366	507	23	1214
%	1.9	5.7	18.6	30.1	41.7	1.9	99.8
(4) Communism							
Number	66	96	274	382	338	56	1212
%	5.4	7.9	22.5	31.4	27.8	4.6	99.7
(5) Socialism							
Number	70	177	337	308	251	70	1213
%	5.8	14.6	27.7	25.3	20.6	5.8	99.8
(6) Liberalism							
Number	155	298	324	171	165	102	1215
%	12.7	24.5	26.6	14.1	13.6	8.4	99.9

7-1. Which party do you support?

	Number	%
(1) HDZ	11	0.9
(2) HDZ 1990	59	4.9
(3) PDP	10	0.8
(4) SDA	146	12.0
(5) SDP BiH	85	7.0
(6) SBB	46	3.8
(7) SDS	46	3.8
(8) SNSD	49	4.0
(9) Other party	51	4.2
(10) I do not know	354	29.1
(11) I do not support any	0	0
(12) I do not want to answer	351	28.9
Total	1208	99.3

7-1. Which party do you support? Please Specify (for option (9) above)

	Number	%
ASDA	4	0.3
BPS	1	0.1
DF	18	1.5
Laburistička stranka	1	0.1
LDS	1	0.1
Naša stranka	9	0.7
Narodna stranka za boljitak	1	0.1
NDP	4	0.3
PDP	4	0.3
SBiH	2	0.2
Snaga centra	3	0.2
SP	2	0.2
US	1	0.1
Total	51	4.2

7-2. What is the reason for your support for the party?

	Number	%
(1) Leader (go to 7-2-1)	83	6.8
(2) Policy (go to 7-2-2)	174	14.3
(3) Cleanness (Free from corruption) (go to 7-2-3)	25	2.1

(4) Ideology (go to 7-2-4)	73	6.0
(5) Ethnicity and/or Religion (go to 7-2-5)	54	4.4
(6) Other reason	85	7.0
Total	494	40.6

7-2-1. Which of the following statements best describes the reason for your support for the party?

	Number	%
(1) Because of the family name of the leader of this party	9	0.7
(2) Because the leader of this party has a higher academic degree	13	1.1
(3) Because the leader of this party is well known	5	0.4
(4) Because I like the leader of this party	21	1.7
(5) Because I have a personal connection with the leader of this party	6	0.5
(6) Because I expect improvement of my living conditions if the leader of this party gains political power	18	1.5
(7) Because the leader of this party has good relationship with foreign countries	5	0.4
(8) Because the leader of this party is from the same ethnic or religious group as mine	1	0.1
(9) None of these	5	0.4
Total	83	6.8

7-2-2. Which of the following statements best describes the reason for your support for the party?

	Number	%
(1) Because I always support the policies of this party	42	3.5
(2) Because the policies of this party are helpful for the national interest	43	3.5
(3) Because the policies of this party are helpful for my region	9	0.7
(4) Because the policies of this party are helpful for the national security	6	0.5
(5) Because the policies of this party are helpful for the economic development	34	2.8
(6) Because the policies of this party are better than those of other parties	30	2.5
(7) None of these	7	0.6
Total	171	14.1

7-2-3. Which of the following statements best describes the reason for your support for the party?

	Number	%
(1) Because this party is not involved in the corruption	11	0.9
(2) Because this party is fighting against corruption	10	0.8
(3) None of these	4	0.3
Total	25	2.1

7-2-4. Which of the following statements best describes the reason for your support for the party?

	Number	%
(1) Because I believe in this ideology	39	3.2
(2) Because I believe this party is the best represent this ideology	25	2.1
(3) None of these	8	0.7
Total	72	5.9

7-2-5. Which of the following statements best describes the reason for your support for the party?

	Number	%
(1) Because this party is supporting my ethnic or religious group	33	2.7
(2) Because a cadre and most members of this party are from my ethnic or religious group	17	1.4
(3) Because this party is reflecting voices of all ethnic and religious groups	3	0.2
(4) None of these	2	0.2
Total	55	4.5

7-3. If the elections will be held tomorrow, which party will you vote for?

	Number	%
(1) HDZ	10	0.8
(2) HDZ 1990	68	5.6
(3) PDP	11	0.9
(4) SDA	142	11.7
(5) SDP BiH	94	7.7
(6) SBB	49	4.0
(7) SDS	50	4.1
(8) SNSD	53	4.4
(9) Other party	61	5.0
(10) I do not know	192	15.8
(11) I will not vote at all	236	19.4
(12) I do not want to answer	239	19.7
Total	1205	99.1

7-3. If the elections will be held tomorrow, which party will you vote for? Please specify (for option (9) above)

	Number	%
ASDA	3	0.2
BPS	2	0.2
DF	23	1.9
Gradjanska	1	0.1
Laburistička stranka	1	0.1
LDS	1	0.1
Naša stranka	10	0.8
Naovisna lista	1	0.1
NDP	4	0.3
PDP	4	0.3
Pokret Socijaldemokrata	1	0.1
SBiH	2	0.2
Snaga centra	3	0.2
SP	2	0.2
Stranka penzionera	1	0.1
US	1	0.1
Total	60	4.9

8-1. Among the following communities or regions, which do you identify with most strongly? Choose up to three from the communities or regions listed below

The strongest	Number	%
(1) Europe	242	19.9
(2) Balkan	65	5.3
(3) Your religious community	65	5.3
(4) Yugoslavia	72	5.9
(5) Bosnia and Herzegovina	329	27.1
(6) Your Entity (RS or FBiH)	53	4.4
(7) Your Canton	13	1.1
(8) Your ethnic group	53	4.4
(9) Your municipality	64	5.3
(10) Your town or village	249	20.5
Total	1205	99.1

Second strongest	Number	%
(1) Europe	82	6.7
(2) Balkan	100	8.2
(3) Your religious community	85	7.0
(4) Yugoslavia	51	4.2
(5) Bosnia and Herzegovina	215	17.7
(6) Your Entity (RS or FBiH)	53	4.4
(7) Your Canton	68	5.6
(8) Your ethnic group	58	4.8
(9) Your municipality	125	10.3
(10) Your town or village	130	10.7
Total	967	79.5

Third strongest	Number	%
(1) Europe	113	9.3
(2) Balkan	80	6.6
(3) Your religious community	39	3.2
(4) Yugoslavia	37	3.0
(5) Bosnia and Herzegovina	115	9.5
(6) Your Entity (RS or FBiH)	28	2.3
(7) Your Canton	48	3.9
(8) Your ethnic group	59	4.9
(9) Your municipality	81	6.7
(10) Your town or village	160	13.2
Total	760	62.5

9-1. To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements? Place your view on this scale from 1 to 5, where 5 means “strongly agree” and 1 means “strongly disagree.” If you do not have a particular opinion, choose 3, which means “neither agree nor disagree.” If you do not know, please choose 0.

	5: Strongly agree	4: Agree	3: Neutral	2: Disagree	1: Strongly disagree	0: I do not know	Total
(1) Bosnia should maintain the current structure composed of two entities as stipulated by Dayton constitution							
Number	125	175	264	340	246	62	1212
%	10.3	14.4	21.7	28.0	20.2	5.1	99.7
(2) Bosnia should be a unified country and entities should be abolished							
Number	331	266	202	218	141	56	1214
%	27.2	21.9	16.6	17.9	11.6	4.6	99.8
(3) Bosnia should be composed of three entities, and one entity for Croats should be additionally established							
Number	76	71	183	325	505	53	1213
%	6.3	5.8	15.0	26.7	41.5	4.4	99.8
(4) Republika srpska should be independent from Bosnia							
Number	94	116	115	265	575	46	1211
%	7.7	9.5	9.5	21.8	47.3	3.8	99.6
(5) Central government of Bosnia and Herzegovina should be strengthened							
Number	454	368	166	90	63	70	1211
%	37.3	30.3	13.7	7.4	5.2	5.8	99.6
(6) Central government of Bosnia and Herzegovina should be weakened and the entity governments should be given more power							
Number	76	125	212	293	422	81	1209
%	6.3	10.3	17.4	24.1	34.7	6.7	99.4

9-2. [showing the map to the respondents] This is the map showing the internationally recognized border of your country. To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement?

	5: Strongly agree	4: Agree	3: Neutral	2: Disagree	1: Strongly disagree	0: I do not know	Total
9-2-1. It is acceptable to change the internationally recognized border of Bosnia and Herzegovina.							
Number	42	55	185	349	500	83	1214
%	3.5	4.5	15.2	28.7	41.1	6.8	99.8

9-2-1. Which of the following statements best describes the reason why you agree with this statement? (for respondents who chose 5 or 4 for the question above)

	Number	%
(1) Because change of the border will lead to political stability	17	1.4
(2) Because change of the border will lead to improvement of my living conditions	25	2.1
(3) Because change of the border will strengthen the religious ties	5	0.4
(4) Because change of the border will strengthen the ethnic ties	8	0.7
(5) Because change of the border is historically correct	20	1.6
(6) Because the border of the country is not necessary at all	8	0.7
(7) None of these	13	1.1
Total	96	7.9

9-2-2. Which of the following statements best describes the reason why you disagree with this statement? (for respondents who chose 2 or 1 for the question above)

	Number	%
(1) Because change of the border will lead to political instability	453	37.3
(2) Because change of the border will lead to deterioration of my living conditions	86	7.1
(3) Because change of the border will weaken the religious ties	8	0.7
(4) Because change of the border will weaken the ethnic ties	9	0.7
(5) Because change of the border is historically incorrect	101	8.3
(6) Because the border of the country is necessary	127	10.4
(7) None of these	50	4.1
Total	834	68.6

10-1. To what extent do you trust or distrust the following institutions? Place your view on this scale from 1 to 5, where 5 means “strongly trust” and 1 means “strongly distrust.” If you do not have a particular opinion, choose 3 (neutral).” If you do not know, please choose 0.

	5: Strongly trust	4: Trust	3: Neutral	2: Distrust	1: Strongly distrust	0: I do not know	Total
(1) Presidency of BiH							
Number	28	101	296	429	324	24	1202
%	2.3	8.3	24.3	35.3	26.6	2.0	98.8
(2) Prime Minister of BiH							
Number	28	130	295	397	311	38	1199
%	2.3	10.7	24.3	32.6	25.6	3.1	98.6
(3) President of your Entity							
Number	36	136	296	365	326	42	1201
%	3.0	11.2	24.3	30.0	26.8	3.5	98.8
(4) Prime Minister of your Entity							
Number	40	146	293	357	327	39	1202
%	3.3	12.0	24.1	29.4	26.9	3.2	98.8

(5) Parliament of BiH							
Number	24	122	358	384	275	37	1200
%	2.0	10.0	29.4	31.6	22.6	3.0	98.7
(6) Parliament of your Entity							
Number	32	101	337	395	289	35	1189
%	2.6	8.3	27.7	32.5	23.8	2.9	97.8
(7) Parliament of your Canton							
Number	27	127	282	245	187	37	905
%	2.2	10.4	23.2	20.1	15.4	3.0	74.4
(8) Mayor of your municipality							
Number	138	302	312	207	215	20	1194
%	11.3	24.8	25.7	17.0	17.7	1.6	98.2
(9) Assembly of your municipality							
Number	81	258	359	238	195	27	1158
%	6.7	21.2	29.5	19.6	16.0	2.2	95.2
(10) Court							
Number	74	295	345	285	187	15	1201
%	6.1	24.3	28.4	23.4	15.4	1.2	98.8
(11) Police							
Number	122	366	331	221	152	12	1204
%	10.0	30.1	27.2	18.2	12.5	1.0	99.0
(12) Military							
Number	165	347	306	204	144	36	1202
%	13.6	28.5	25.2	16.8	11.8	3.0	98.8
(13) Political Parties							
Number	23	119	307	365	368	21	1203
%	1.9	9.8	25.2	30.0	30.3	1.7	98.9
(14) Media							
Number	57	250	457	243	182	14	1203
%	4.7	20.6	37.6	20.0	15.0	1.2	98.9
(15) NGO							
Number	77	252	421	252	138	64	1204
%	6.3	20.7	34.6	20.7	11.3	5.3	99.0
(16) Religious leaders							
Number	97	225	320	237	294	30	1203
%	8.0	18.5	26.3	19.5	24.2	2.5	98.9

10-2. When you are facing following problems, whom do you talk to? Among the options listed below from (1) to (16), choose top three, to whom you talk most frequently.

1. When you get robbed by a mugger: Most frequently	Number	%
(1) Central government	1	0.1
(2) Entity government	1	0.1
(3) Canton government	1	0.1
(4) Municipality government	0	0
(5) Police	989	81.3
(6) Court	9	0.7
(7) Military	0	0
(8) Political party leader	0	0
(9) Religious leader	0	0
(10) Representative of your local community	3	0.2
(11) Local NGOs	0	0

2017 Opinion Poll in Bosnia and Herzegovina

(12) Foreign NGOs	5	0.4
(13) International organizations or foreign governments	1	0.1
(14) Colleagues in the workplace	3	0.2
(15) Family and relatives	116	9.5
(16) Friends and neighbors	56	4.6
Total	1185	97.5

1. When you get robbed by a mugger: Second most frequently	Number	%
(1) Central government	2	0.2
(2) Entity government	4	0.3
(3) Canton government	5	0.4
(4) Municipality government	9	0.7
(5) Police	105	8.6
(6) Court	103	8.5
(7) Military	1	0.1
(8) Political party leader	1	0.1
(9) Religious leader	2	0.2
(10) Representative of your local community	13	1.1
(11) Local NGOs	2	0.2
(12) Foreign NGOs	0	0
(13) International organizations or foreign governments	0	0
(14) Colleagues in the workplace	25	2.1
(15) Family and relatives	296	24.3
(16) Friends and neighbors	235	19.3
Total	803	66.0

1. When you get robbed by a mugger: Third most frequently	Number	%
(1) Central government	2	0.2
(2) Entity government	8	0.7
(3) Canton government	4	0.3
(4) Municipality government	14	1.2
(5) Police	42	3.5
(6) Court	42	3.5
(7) Military	0	0
(8) Political party leader	0	0
(9) Religious leader	3	0.2
(10) Representative of your local community	24	2.0
(11) Local NGOs	3	0.2
(12) Foreign NGOs	2	0.2
(13) International organizations or foreign governments	0	0
(14) Colleagues in the workplace	40	3.3
(15) Family and relatives	202	16.6
(16) Friends and neighbors	243	20.0
Total	629	51.7

2. When you have a trouble with family and relatives regarding inheritance of assets: Most frequently	Number	%
(1) Central government	1	0.1
(2) Entity government	3	0.2
(3) Canton government	3	0.2
(4) Municipality government	13	1.1

(5) Police	36	3.0
(6) Court	752	61.8
(7) Military	0	0
(8) Political party leader	1	0.1
(9) Religious leader	2	0.2
(10) Representative of your local community	6	0.5
(11) Local NGOs	3	0.2
(12) Foreign NGOs	0	0
(13) International organizations or foreign governments	1	0.1
(14) Colleagues in the workplace	4	0.3
(15) Family and relatives	295	24.3
(16) Friends and neighbors	42	3.5
Total	1162	95.6

2. When you have a trouble with family and relatives regarding inheritance of assets: Second most frequently	Number	%
(1) Central government	3	0.2
(2) Entity government	9	0.7
(3) Canton government	5	0.4
(4) Municipality government	45	3.7
(5) Police	83	6.8
(6) Court	171	14.1
(7) Military	0	0
(8) Political party leader	1	0.1
(9) Religious leader	10	0.8
(10) Representative of your local community	19	1.6
(11) Local NGOs	13	1.1
(12) Foreign NGOs	0	0
(13) International organizations or foreign governments	0	0
(14) Colleagues in the workplace	15	1.2
(15) Family and relatives	130	10.7
(16) Friends and neighbors	179	14.7
Total	683	56.2

2. When you have a trouble with family and relatives regarding inheritance of assets: Third most frequently	Number	%
(1) Central government	21	1.7
(2) Entity government	9	0.7
(3) Canton government	18	1.5
(4) Municipality government	33	2.7
(5) Police	37	3.0
(6) Court	77	6.3
(7) Military	2	0.2
(8) Political party leader	2	0.2
(9) Religious leader	17	1.4
(10) Representative of your local community	14	1.2
(11) Local NGOs	10	0.8
(12) Foreign NGOs	6	0.5
(13) International organizations or foreign governments	3	0.2
(14) Colleagues in the workplace	31	2.5

(15) Family and relatives	83	6.8
(16) Friends and neighbors	114	9.4
Total	477	39.2

3. When you are looking for a job: Most frequently	Number	%
(1) Central government	21	1.7
(2) Entity government	5	0.4
(3) Canton government	14	1.2
(4) Municipality government	83	6.8
(5) Police	1	0.1
(6) Court	1	0.1
(7) Military	0	0
(8) Political party leader	116	9.5
(9) Religious leader	2	0.2
(10) Representative of your local community	89	7.3
(11) Local NGOs	39	3.2
(12) Foreign NGOs	14	1.2
(13) International organizations or foreign governments	20	1.6
(14) Colleagues in the workplace	38	3.1
(15) Family and relatives	473	38.9
(16) Friends and neighbors	175	14.4
Total	1091	89.7

3. When you are looking for a job: Second most frequently	Number	%
(1) Central government	6	0.5
(2) Entity government	11	0.9
(3) Canton government	17	1.4
(4) Municipality government	29	2.4
(5) Police	2	0.2
(6) Court	0	0
(7) Military	0	0
(8) Political party leader	64	5.3
(9) Religious leader	13	1.1
(10) Representative of your local community	58	4.8
(11) Local NGOs	31	2.5
(12) Foreign NGOs	22	1.8
(13) International organizations or foreign governments	27	2.2
(14) Colleagues in the workplace	27	2.2
(15) Family and relatives	162	13.3
(16) Friends and neighbors	301	24.8
Total	770	63.3

3. When you are looking for a job: Third most frequently	Number	%
(1) Central government	14	1.2
(2) Entity government	11	0.9
(3) Canton government	13	1.1
(4) Municipality government	47	3.9
(5) Police	2	0.2
(6) Court	1	0.1
(7) Military	3	0.2

(8) Political party leader	46	3.8
(9) Religious leader	21	1.7
(10) Representative of your local community	80	6.6
(11) Local NGOs	22	1.8
(12) Foreign NGOs	28	2.3
(13) International organizations or foreign governments	58	4.8
(14) Colleagues in the workplace	27	2.2
(15) Family and relatives	89	7.3
(16) Friends and neighbors	63	5.2
Total	525	43.2

4. When you are in economically difficult situations: Most frequently	Number	%
(1) Central government	5	0.4
(2) Entity government	1	0.1
(3) Canton government	3	0.2
(4) Municipality government	12	1.0
(5) Police	0	0
(6) Court	1	0.1
(7) Military	0	0
(8) Political party leader	5	0.4
(9) Religious leader	3	0.2
(10) Representative of your local community	12	1.0
(11) Local NGOs	4	0.3
(12) Foreign NGOs	1	0.1
(13) International organizations or foreign governments	1	0.1
(14) Colleagues in the workplace	40	3.3
(15) Family and relatives	864	71.1
(16) Friends and neighbors	205	16.9
Total	1157	95.1

4. When you are in economically difficult situations: Second most frequently	Number	%
(1) Central government	2	0.2
(2) Entity government	4	0.3
(3) Canton government	1	0.1
(4) Municipality government	19	1.6
(5) Police	0	0
(6) Court	0	0
(7) Military	0	0
(8) Political party leader	5	0.4
(9) Religious leader	3	0.2
(10) Representative of your local community	7	0.6
(11) Local NGOs	3	0.2
(12) Foreign NGOs	6	0.5
(13) International organizations or foreign governments	3	0.2
(14) Colleagues in the workplace	101	8.3
(15) Family and relatives	127	10.4
(16) Friends and neighbors	463	38.1
Total	744	61.2

4. When you are in economically difficult situations: Third most frequently	Number	%
(1) Central government	11	0.9
(2) Entity government	3	0.2
(3) Canton government	13	1.1
(4) Municipality government	12	1.0
(5) Police	0	0
(6) Court	0	0
(7) Military	0	0
(8) Political party leader	25	2.1
(9) Religious leader	8	0.7
(10) Representative of your local community	24	2.0
(11) Local NGOs	9	0.7
(12) Foreign NGOs	5	0.4
(13) International organizations or foreign governments	10	0.8
(14) Colleagues in the workplace	206	16.9
(15) Family and relatives	51	4.2
(16) Friends and neighbors	78	6.4
Total	455	37.4

5. When your area needs more roads, schools or hospitals: Most frequently	Number	%
(1) Central government	53	4.4
(2) Entity government	35	2.9
(3) Canton government	59	4.9
(4) Municipality government	331	27.2
(5) Police	1	0.1
(6) Court	5	0.4
(7) Military	1	0.1
(8) Political party leader	71	5.8
(9) Religious leader	18	1.5
(10) Representative of your local community	452	37.2
(11) Local NGOs	25	2.1
(12) Foreign NGOs	21	1.7
(13) International organizations or foreign governments	16	1.3
(14) Colleagues in the workplace	1	0.1
(15) Family and relatives	10	0.8
(16) Friends and neighbors	43	3.5
Total	1142	93.9

5. When your area needs more roads, schools or hospitals: Second most frequently	Number	%
(1) Central government	12	1.0
(2) Entity government	78	6.4
(3) Canton government	127	10.4
(4) Municipality government	250	20.6
(5) Police	0	0
(6) Court	0	0
(7) Military	0	0
(8) Political party leader	80	6.6
(9) Religious leader	15	1.2
(10) Representative of your local community	104	8.6
(11) Local NGOs	41	3.4
(12) Foreign NGOs	32	2.6

(13) International organizations or foreign governments	14	1.2
(14) Colleagues in the workplace	3	0.2
(15) Family and relatives	7	0.6
(16) Friends and neighbors	17	1.4
Total	780	64.1

5. When your area needs more roads, schools or hospitals: Third most frequently	Number	%
(1) Central government	34	2.8
(2) Entity government	80	6.6
(3) Canton government	130	10.7
(4) Municipality government	79	6.5
(5) Police	1	0.1
(6) Court	1	0.1
(7) Military	1	0.1
(8) Political party leader	24	2.0
(9) Religious leader	24	2.0
(10) Representative of your local community	86	7.1
(11) Local NGOs	41	3.4
(12) Foreign NGOs	32	2.6
(13) International organizations or foreign governments	26	2.1
(14) Colleagues in the workplace	7	0.6
(15) Family and relatives	4	0.3
(16) Friends and neighbors	47	3.9
Total	617	50.7

10-3. Regarding your choice for Q10-2, why do you talk to the people or organization you've chosen?
For each people or organization you've chosen above, please choose the reason that best describes your reason to do so.

1. When you get robbed by a mugger: Most frequently	Number	%
Because they are close to political power and influential political parties	86	7.1
Because they have the economic or financial power to solve the problem	139	11.4
Because it is the custom of my community to do so	795	65.4
Other reason	155	12.7
Total	1175	96.6

1. When you get robbed by a mugger: Second most frequently	Number	%
Because they are close to political power and influential political parties	56	4.6
Because they have the economic or financial power to solve the problem	65	5.3
Because it is the custom of my community to do so	397	32.6
Other reason	279	22.9
Total	797	65.5

1. When you get robbed by a mugger: Third most frequently	Number	%
Because they are close to political power and influential political parties	30	2.5
Because they have the economic or financial power to solve the problem	29	2.4
Because it is the custom of my community to do so	290	23.8
Other reason	276	22.7
Total	625	51.4

2. When you have a trouble with family and relatives regarding inheritance of assets: Most frequently	Number	%
Because they are close to political power and influential political parties	104	8.6
Because they have the economic or financial power to solve the problem	180	14.8
Because it is the custom of my community to do so	590	48.5
Other reason	278	22.9
Total	1152	94.7

2. When you have a trouble with family and relatives regarding inheritance of assets: Second most frequently	Number	%
Because they are close to political power and influential political parties	47	3.9
Because they have the economic or financial power to solve the problem	102	8.4
Because it is the custom of my community to do so	280	23.0
Other reason	250	20.6
Total	679	55.8

2. When you have a trouble with family and relatives regarding inheritance of assets: Third most frequently	Number	%
Because they are close to political power and influential political parties	39	3.2
Because they have the economic or financial power to solve the problem	27	2.2
Because it is the custom of my community to do so	186	15.3
Other reason	219	18.0
Total	471	38.7

3. When you are looking for a job: Most frequently	Number	%
Because they are close to political power and influential political parties	208	17.1
Because they have the economic or financial power to solve the problem	110	9.0
Because it is the custom of my community to do so	387	31.8
Other reason	382	31.4
Total	1087	89.4

3. When you are looking for a job: Second most frequently	Number	%
Because they are close to political power and influential political parties	109	9.0
Because they have the economic or financial power to solve the problem	82	6.7
Because it is the custom of my community to do so	285	23.4
Other reason	290	23.8
Total	766	63.0

3. When you are looking for a job: Third most frequently	Number	%
Because they are close to political power and influential political parties	131	10.8
Because they have the economic or financial power to solve the problem	57	4.7
Because it is the custom of my community to do so	162	13.3
Other reason	174	14.3
Total	524	43.1

4. When you are in economically difficult situations: Most frequently	Number	%
Because they are close to political power and influential political parties	25	2.1
Because they have the economic or financial power to solve the problem	219	18.0
Because it is the custom of my community to do so	520	42.8
Other reason	384	31.6
Total	1148	94.4

4. When you are in economically difficult situations: Second most frequently	Number	%
Because they are close to political power and influential political parties	19	1.6
Because they have the economic or financial power to solve the problem	154	12.7
Because it is the custom of my community to do so	341	28.0
Other reason	227	18.7
Total	741	60.9

4. When you are in economically difficult situations: Third most frequently	Number	%
Because they are close to political power and influential political parties	28	2.3
Because they have the economic or financial power to solve the problem	109	9.0
Because it is the custom of my community to do so	200	16.4
Other reason	117	9.6
Total	454	37.3

5. When your area needs more roads, schools or hospitals: Most frequently	Number	%
Because they are close to political power and influential political parties	409	33.6
Because they have the economic or financial power to solve the problem	379	31.2
Because it is the custom of my community to do so	244	20.1
Other reason	102	8.4
Total	1134	93.3

5. When your area needs more roads, schools or hospitals: Second most frequently	Number	%
Because they are close to political power and influential political parties	248	20.4
Because they have the economic or financial power to solve the problem	323	26.6
Because it is the custom of my community to do so	131	10.8
Other reason	74	6.1
Total	776	63.8

5. When your area needs more roads, schools or hospitals: Third most frequently	Number	%
Because they are close to political power and influential political parties	173	14.2
Because they have the economic or financial power to solve the problem	247	20.3
Because it is the custom of my community to do so	126	10.4
Other reason	65	5.3
Total	611	50.2

11-1. Regarding war crimes committed during the war between 1992 and 1995, to what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements? Place your view on this scale from 1 to 5, where 5 means “strongly agree” and 1 means “strongly disagree.” If you do not have a particular opinion, choose 3. If you do not know, please choose 0.

	5: Strongly agree	4: Agree	3: Neutral	2: Disagree	1: Strongly disagree	0: I do not know	Total
(1) Prosecutions of those who are responsible for war crimes have been sufficient							
Number	41	107	234	456	282	68	1188
%	3.4	8.8	19.2	37.5	23.2	5.6	97.7
(2) There should be more domestic trials in the future to prosecute more people who are responsible for war crimes							
Number	384	474	171	64	44	53	1190

	5: Strongly agree	4: Agree	3: Neutral	2: Disagree	1: Strongly disagree	0: I do not know	Total
%	31.6	39.0	14.1	5.3	3.6	4.4	97.9
(3) It has been enough of discussing crimes and finding the culprits, we should forget all of that as soon as possible and instead turn to the future and deal with practical problems of life							
Number	192	210	327	272	149	39	1189
%	15.8	17.3	26.9	22.4	12.3	3.2	97.8
(4) All sides have committed war crimes, and they should be blamed equally regardless of the ethnic or other affiliations.							
Number	302	323	229	196	98	40	1188
%	24.8	26.6	18.8	16.1	8.1	3.3	97.7
(5) Military actions taken by compatriots from my ethnic group should not be blamed as war crimes because these actions were necessary to defend our people							
Number	221	271	303	202	97	96	1190
%	18.2	22.3	24.9	16.6	8.0	7.9	97.9
(6) Public apologies for war crimes by political leaders from Bosniak community in Bosnia have been sufficient							
Number	61	140	316	288	226	159	1190
%	5.0	11.5	26.0	23.7	18.6	13.1	97.9
(7) Public apologies for war crimes by political leaders from Serb community in Bosnia have been sufficient							
Number	46	108	211	353	377	95	1190
%	3.8	8.9	17.4	29.0	31.0	7.8	97.9
(8) Public apologies for war crimes by political leaders from Croat community in Bosnia have been sufficient							
Number	19	57	242	404	372	95	1189
%	1.6	4.7	19.9	33.2	30.6	7.8	97.8
(9) Public apologies for war crimes by political leaders from the Republic of Serbia have been sufficient							
Number	88	135	221	321	328	96	1189
%	7.2	11.1	18.2	26.4	27.0	7.9	97.8
(10) Public apologies for war crimes by political leaders from the Republic of Croatia have been sufficient							
Number	21	65	255	395	348	103	1187
%	1.7	5.3	21.0	32.5	28.6	8.5	97.6
(11) The compensation and support for the victims of war crimes have been sufficient							
Number	39	58	186	326	491	87	1187
%	3.2	4.8	15.3	26.8	40.4	7.2	97.6
(12) Despite war crimes, all ethnic and other communities in Bosnia and Herzegovina can and should live together in one country							
Number	484	396	210	35	30	34	1189
%	39.8	32.6	17.3	2.9	2.5	2.8	97.8

11-2. Were you in Bosnia and Herzegovina in the period of war? If yes, what was your status during the war? Please choose one from the options below.

	Number	%
(1) Yes, and I was a soldier.	189	15.5
(2) Yes, and I was a civilian.	447	36.8
(3) Yes, and I was a prison camp inmate.	15	1.2
(4) No, I was abroad.	104	8.6
(5) None of these.	303	24.9
(6) I'd rather not say.	131	10.8
Total	1189	97.8

12-1. In general, how happy or unhappy do you usually feel? Choose one that best represents your average happiness on the scale between 0 and 10, where 10 means "extremely happy" and 0 means "extremely unhappy." If you do not feel particularly happy or unhappy, please choose (5) which means "Neutral."

	10: Extreme ly happy	9: Very Happy	8: Pretty happy	7: Mildly happy	6: slightly happy	5: Neutral	4: Slightly unhappy	3: Mildly unhappy	2: Pretty unhappy	1: Very unhappy	0: Extremely unhappy	Total
Number	147	134	229	215	152	220	37	27	11	12	10	1194
%	12.1	11.0	18.8	17.7	12.5	18.1	3.0	2.2	0.9	1.0	0.8	98.2

12-2. To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements? Place your view on this scale from 1 to 5, where 5 means "strongly agree" and 1 means "strongly disagree." If you do not have a particular opinion, choose 3, which means "neither agree nor disagree." If you do not know, please choose 0.

	5: Strongly agree	4: Agree	3: Neutral	2: Disagree	1: Strongly disagree	0: I do not know	Total
--	-------------------	----------	------------	-------------	----------------------	------------------	-------

(1) In uncertain times, I usually expect the best.

Number	212	583	290	104	19	5	1213
%	17.4	47.9	23.8	8.6	1.6	0.4	99.8

(2) It's easy for me to relax.

Number	212	525	254	166	49	3	1209
%	17.4	43.2	20.9	13.7	4.0	0.2	99.4

(3) If something can go wrong for me, it will.

Number	48	178	389	492	100	5	1212
%	3.9	14.6	32.0	40.5	8.2	0.4	99.7

(4) I'm always optimistic about my future.

Number	250	511	318	111	16	2	1208
%	20.6	42.0	26.2	9.1	1.3	0.2	99.3

(5) I enjoy my friends a lot.

Number	635	476	82	11	3	4	1211
%	52.2	39.1	6.7	0.9	0.2	0.3	99.6

(6) It's important for me to keep busy.

Number	415	532	186	50	26	3	1212
%	34.1	43.8	15.3	4.1	2.1	0.2	99.7

(7) I hardly ever expect things to go my way.

Number	79	308	415	347	57	3	1209
%	6.5	25.3	34.1	28.5	4.7	0.2	99.4

(8) I don't get upset too easily.

Number	95	285	386	281	156	6	1209
%	7.8	23.4	31.7	23.1	12.8	0.5	99.4

(9) I rarely count on good things happening to me.

Number	40	181	369	496	115	4	1205
%	3.3	14.9	30.3	40.8	9.5	0.3	99.1

(10) Overall, I expect more good things to happen to me than bad.

Number	335	564	229	59	19	4	1210
%	27.5	46.4	18.8	4.9	1.6	0.3	99.5

12-3. To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements? Place your view on this scale from 1 to 7, where 7 means "strongly agree" and 1 means "strongly disagree." If you do not have a particular opinion, choose 4, which means "neither agree nor disagree." If you do not know, please choose 0.

	7: Strongly agree	6: Agree	5: Somewhat agree	4: Neutral	3: Somewhat disagree	2: Disagree	1: Strongly disagree	0: I do not know	Total
(1) In most ways, my life is close to my ideal.									
Number	59	299	401	244	108	83	18	0	1212
%	4.9	24.6	33.0	20.1	8.9	6.8	1.5	0	99.7
(2) Conditions in my life are excellent.									
Number	128	341	352	180	114	83	13	0	1211
%	10.5	28.0	28.9	14.8	9.4	6.8	1.1	0	99.6
(3) I am completely satisfied with my life.									
Number	98	328	369	238	92	65	18	1	1209
%	8.1	27.0	30.3	19.6	7.6	5.3	1.5	0.1	99.4
(4) So far, I have gotten the most important things I want in life.									
Number	76	251	323	213	151	146	47	5	1212
%	6.3	20.6	26.6	17.5	12.4	12.0	3.9	0.4	99.7
(5) If I could live my life over, I would change nothing.									
Number	90	190	247	193	158	211	110	13	1212
%	7.4	15.6	20.3	15.9	13.0	17.4	9.0	1.1	99.7

13. Demographic variables

13-1. Sex

	Number	%
Male	663	54.5
Female	551	45.3
Total	1214	99.8

13-2. Age

	Number	%
18-29	407	33.5
30-39	221	18.2
40-49	209	17.2
50-59	209	17.2
60-69	122	10.0
70 or more	43	3.5
Total	1211	99.6

13-3. Place of Birth

	Number	%
Australia	1	0.1
Austria	1	0.1
Bosnia and Herzegovina	684	56.3
Bosnia and Herzegovina - Republika Srpska	51	4.2
Croatia	26	2.1
Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina	1	0.1
France	1	0.1
FYRo Macedonia	1	0.1
Germany	12	1.0
Lybia	1	0.1
NDH	1	0.1
Republika Srpska	1	0.1

	Number	%
Russia	1	0.1
Serbia	7	0.6
SFR Yugoslavia	395	32.5
Slovenia	3	0.2
Sweden	1	0.1
Turkey	1	0.1
Total	1189	97.8

13-4. Ethnicity

	Number	%
Bosniak	621	51.1
Croat	155	12.7
Serb	325	26.7
Other	91	7.5
Total	1192	98.0

13-4. Ethnicity - please specify (for option "other" above)

	Number	%
Artist	1	0.1
Bosnian	64	5.3
Esquimaux	2	0.2
French	1	0.1
Human	2	0.2
Jewish	1	0.1
Muslim	2	0.2
Others	1	0.1
Roma	2	0.2
Russian	1	0.1
uncommitted	4	0.3
Yugoslavian	10	0.8
Total	91	7.5

13-5. Religion

	Number	%
Islam	639	52.5
Catholic	162	13.3
Orthodox	330	27.1
Other	53	4.4
Total	1184	97.4

13-5. Religion - please specify (for option "other" above)

	Number	%
Agnostic	11	0.9
Atheist	38	3.1
Humanity	1	0.1
Jewish	1	0.1
Total	51	4.2

13-6. Languages

Mother tongue

	Number	%
Bosnian	719	59.1
Serbian	321	26.4
Croatian	141	11.6
Other	24	2.0
Total	1205	99.1

Mother tongue - please specify (for option "other" above)

	Number	%
Bosnian-Croatian-Serbian	1	.1
English	1	.1
Human	1	.1
Romani	1	.1
Serbo-Croatian	18	1.5
Yugoslavian	1	.1
Total	23	1.9

Do you speak any other language fluently as the second language(s)? If you do, please list up to three languages you speak.

	Number	%
Yes	626	51.5
No	585	48.1
Total	1211	99.6

Second language (1) for those who answered "Yes" above

	Number	%
Albanian	1	0.1
Arabic	2	0.2
Dutch	1	0.1
English	482	39.6
French	4	0.3
German	88	7.2
Italian	5	0.4
Russian	31	2.5
Slovenian	4	0.3
Spanish	1	0.1
Swedish	1	0.1
Turkish	6	0.5
Total	626	51.5

Second language (2) for those who answered "Yes" above

	Number	%
Arabic	1	0.1
Chinese	1	0.1
English	17	1.4
French	11	0.9
German	82	6.7
Greek	1	0.1
Italian	4	0.3

	Number	%
Malaysian	1	0.1
Russian	14	1.2
Spanish	9	0.7
Swedish	1	0.1
Turkish	15	1.2
Total	157	12.9

Second language (3) for those who answered "Yes" above

	Number	%
Arabic	3	0.2
English	1	0.1
French	4	0.3
German	2	0.2
Italian	2	0.2
Norwegian	1	0.1
Russian	1	0.1
Slovenian	1	0.1
Turkish	1	0.1
Total	16	1.3

13-7. Education

What is the highest level of school you have completed?

	Number	%
No schooling completed	10	0.8
Primary school	33	2.7
High school (technical)	161	13.2
High school (general)	630	51.8
University	322	26.5
Graduate school	48	3.9
Total	1204	99.0

13-8. Occupation

	Number	%
Employed full-time	451	37.1
Employed part-time	80	6.6
Independent work	55	4.5
Unemployed	137	11.3
Pupil	8	0.7
Student	218	17.9
Housewife	56	4.6
Farmer	24	2.0
Craft owner	30	2.5
Retired	129	10.6
Other	6	0.5
I do not want to answer	21	1.7
Total	1215	99.9

13-9. Size of the household

How many members are there in your household, including yourself?

	Number	%
1	64	5.3
2	222	18.3
3	306	25.2
4	388	31.9
5	158	13.0
6	55	4.5
7	10	0.8
8	2	0.2
Total	1205	99.1

13-10. Income

What was the gross annual income last month, before tax or other deductions, for you and your family living with you from all sources? (in Bosnian marks BAM)

	Number	%
0 - 500	126	10.4
501 - 1000	253	20.8
1001 - 1500	171	14.1
1501 - 2000	171	14.1
2001 - 2500	61	5.0
2501 - 3000	44	3.6
3001 or more	45	3.7
Total	871	71.6

References

- Diener, E., Emmons, R. A., Larsen, R. J., & Griffin, S. (1985). "The Satisfaction with Life Scale," *Journal of Personality Assessment*, 49, 71-75.
- Fordyce, M. W. (1988). "A review of research on the happiness measure: A sixty second index of happiness and mental health," *Social Indicators Research*, 20, 355-381.
- Scheier, M. F., Carver, C. S., & Bridges, M. W. (1994). "Distinguishing optimism from neuroticism (and trait anxiety, self-mastery, and self-esteem): A re-evaluation of the Life Orientation Test," *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 67, 1063-1078.